

BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER

VOLUME XIII. NO. 92.

MONDAY

NOTICE.—The subscribers having taken the Factory, Tools and Machinery of the Eagle India Rubber Company, in the Easterly part of Woburn, will continue the manufacture of all kinds of India Rubber Goods. Aware of the prejudice existing ag-*inst* goods of this description, caused by imperfect articles with which the market has been flooded for months past, still they feel confident, with the assurance of two years' successful operation, in offering to the public goods superior to any before in the market for beauty or durability, perfectly water proof, and warranted not to decompose in any climate. Purchasers are invited to call at ALEXANDER STRONG'S, Shoe Store, 401 Washington street, and examine for themselves, where orders may be left, sent to them at the Factory in Woburn.

HAYWARD & BUMPHREY.
Woburn, August 19, 1837. 2aw1w* aug21

INDIA RUBBER OVER SHOES. in the rough.—Just received and for sale at reduced prices, by THOS. C. WALES, No. 15, Central st. M&T2m aug16

STOCK OF MISSOURI IRON COMPANY. A portion of the Capital Stock of the Missouri Iron Company, incorporated during the last winter, is now offered for sale in this city. The above company own the celebrated Iron Mountains situated near the Mississippi river, about 90 miles south of St. Louis. These mountains contain ore, about 50 per cent pure, exposed naked on their surface, sufficient to supply the United States for centuries. The iron is cast, in any quantities, and may be obtained at the Iron Works, as cheap as at Pittsburgh, and Wondernall, for \$3 to \$4 per hundred bushels. A small part only of the chartered capital will be required to be paid in this fall. The superior advantages of this company above all others in this country, will enable them, when in successful operation, ever to have the preference in the American market, to the exclusion of imported iron and at very great profit to the company. The Stock of this company, it is confidently believed, will be found among the most desirable ever offered in this country. Specimens of the ore of the mountains may be seen at the Merchants' Exchange, also at the office of Edmund Monroe Esq. Broker, 14 State street, where the stock of the Company can be purchased.

The subscriber also proposes to send two or three weeks in the fall, the products of the Company, and will be happy to communicate any information desired, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the above office.

The Prospects of the Iron Company, will be furnished gratuitously, to any gentleman desiring stock, on application as above.

Boston, Sept. 13. 2aw2w

TURKS ISLAND SALT AFLOAT.—1200 hds. Turks Island Salt, superior quality, now afloat,—for sale in lots to suit purchasers. Also, in store, 300 bags fine Salt, of the best quality, 10¢ per ton. Apply to E. HOLBROOK, Jr., No 5 Long wharf. 6aw1m s13

REMOVAL.—F. S. DURIVAGE has removed to No 10 Franklin street, where he continues to instruct in the French and Spanish Languages, and in Drawing and Painting. He will commence the arrangement of his several regular Day and Evening Classes for the season on Monday, Sept 11th. Ladies or Gentlemen, who prefer, will be attended for private lessons at his Room, or at their places of residence at any hour not occupied by the regular classes.

Classes of boys are instructed at hours not interfering with their school hours.

The evenings of Wednesday and Saturday are devoted to the instruction of those young ladies who are engaged in teaching, or attending other schools.

A class will be formed for the accommodation of those ladies residing in the vicinity of the city, to whom it may be more convenient to attend during the forenoon.

Persons visiting the city for a limited time only, will be received, and every information and assistance will be given to those who wish to obtain instruction, for the purpose of improving themselves to teach.

Instruction in the English language given to foreigners.

Mr D. having had many years experience in this department, offers them his services.

Translations, Copying and Drafting of any kind, attended to with accuracy and despatch.

Several consignments of drawings and paintings have been received, and connected with the drawing department—Drawing materials of the best quality, will be constantly kept on hand for sale, or immediately procured to order.

An arrangement has been made for a constant supply of Drawings and Paintings to be let for copies, and copies will be furnished at short notice and on moderate terms, of any drawings which are not intended for sale, or which may be procured for that purpose.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine freely the collections on hand from time to time, whether with the intention of purchasing or not.

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CONSUMPTION

Is a wasting or decay of the whole body, from Ulcers, or Concretion of the Lungs, a collection of purulent matter in the cavity of the breast, a disease in which food cannot contribute to the support of the body.

THE ONLY SURV RESOURCE IS TO

ASSIST NATURE, for that purpose, DR. GORDAK, has invented two unrivalled VEGETABLE MEDICINES,

Jelly of Pomegranate
AND
ICELAND JELLY.

The Jelly of Pomegranate will promote expectorations of the matter which collects in the cavity of the breast, without irritating those delicate organs, and the Iceland Jelly will nourish the body, which food denies to patients laboring under the above disease.

The fact has been proved in the City of Boston and vicinity. There are a great many who were in the above condition, and have given a fair trial of the above named Medicines, they enjoy now comfortable health. About twenty who have been given over by eminent Physicians, have revived and are now doing well.

Directions, Causes, Symptoms and Regimen, you will receive with the Medicines.

DR. GORDAK,
also, gives great satisfaction in obstinate
COLDS & COUGHS,
IN
HEMORRHOIDS, or BLIND & BLEEDING PILES!!

Also in IMPURITIES of the BLOOD HUMORS of every DESCRIPTION!

For SALE at MY OFFICE,
NO. 59, UNION STREET,
North-west of Hanover st.,

Nearly opposite the first Baptist Church,

BOSTON.

Also, at my residence, corner of RICHMOND and SALEM STREET.

Open from 7 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening, every day.

Certificates can be seen at the Office.

Be cautious about purchasing Medicine of my invention and preparation, from Pedlars, especially those from New Ipswich, all the medicine they carry bearing my name is counterfeit!!

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extract from Bulwer. But we remember when in 1828 a false express arrived in this good whig city, announcing the news that Mr Adams had carried the whole state of N. York. We thought the "very windows spake." The whigs with their unbounded credulity swallowed the story. Turn out every Jackson man from the Custom House was the cry. There were then some Jackson men who were not caught in the amalgamation trap. Well, the story got up for effect was not true. Mr Adams was not elected; but General Jackson was. Mark the difference: the Adams' men are now whigs—to-morrow, anything but Democrats, always federalists from the egg. The bitter revilers of General Jackson and his supporters, we are suffered to remain and to enjoy offices which they had enjoyed for some thirty years; and they still remain monuments either of magnanimity or of false policy—the same bitter, untiring, unyielding opponents of this administration, as they have been of every Democratic Administration since the formation of the government.

It would be superfluous to mention the innumerable instances where honest, faithful and capable public servants have been proscribed for their democratic opinions, during the accidental and brief reign of whiggery from time to time, in some state or city. Does any man doubt that every Van Buren man would be kicked out of office should the magnanimity of the administration put it in their power? We hold it to be the duty of every administration, and every party in power, to appoint to office men whose opinions are the same with their own; that those principles may be carried out to their fullest extent. General Washington declared he would not knowingly appoint to office men whose opinions were the reverse of his own. What can be more reasonable, just and proper?

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Mr Hume was returned from Kilkenny by a majority of 7.

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There was a good demand for flannels at Rechelde last week, fine qualities were particularly in request; prices were about the same as last week. Wool kept up a fair demand. In oils there was no alteration.—*Liverpool Cour. Aug. 16.*

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Peace had been concluded between the French and the Bey of Constantine, the latter acknowledging the sovereignty of France.

Letters speak very confidently of the perfect state of tranquility existing throughout the kingdom, and the high promise of the harvest and vintage.

Spain.—The accounts are vague and contradictory. Espartero has been appointed minister of war. Don Carlos, it seems, has possessed himself of Cantavieja; and Segovia has surrendered to one of his generals.

The forces of Don Carlos are stated at about 24,000, of which 15,000 are regular troops and 9000 guerrillas, acting independently in bands of various strength.

Portugal.—The insurrection appears to be gaining ground. All the old officers and adherents of Don Pedro had joined the insurgents, and the private soldiers deserted in whole companies. Marshal Saldanha had placed himself at the head of the disaffected, and was threatening to march upon Lisbon. Two of the ministers had resigned, in consequence of the refusal of their colleagues to proclaim the charter of Don Pedro, which they thought indispensable as the only means of satisfying the insurgents. These had seized the town of Abrantes, the garrison offering no resistance.

The petitioner, in this instance, as I am informed, asserted that this was once his country, but it was so no more. The founders of the republic had declared that all men were born equal; but it was not so. A third of our population, he urged, was held in total bondage and darkness, and as all the principles of humanity had been outraged, he wished to be alienated and allowed to take up his residence in some land of liberty. I did not see the petition, but learn that such were its contents.

Mr Cambreleng reported a bill to extend the credit on Custom House Bonds, and the rest of the day was spent in revising the rules.

In the Senate, Messrs Rives and Webster held the floor most of the day on the subject of the currency.

The galleries of the House to-day, presented great attraction, in the person of the celebrated Miss Clifton, the actress. She was the principal object of interest and admiration, and while she was in the gallery there were more eyes directed toward her than there were toward the woolsack.

Yours, &c. CONSIDER STANDISH.

Delegates to the State Convention from Pittsfield.

—Messrs Henry H. Childs, Thos F. Plunkett, Ethan James, Abel D. Clark, Franklin Wadsworth.

From Andover.—Dr Kittredge, Hon. Gayton P. Osgood, Mr N. W. Hazen, Capt. Jona Abbott, and Mr John Howarth.

From Barnstable.—Messrs Henry Lawrence, S. B. Phinney, Seth Goodspeed, and Eli Hinckley.

From Yarmouth.—Messrs Alex. Baxter, Edward Thacher, and Edmund Eldridge.

Military.—The Salem Regiment of Light Infantry, under command of Col OLIVER, will be inspected and reviewed on Washington Square, on Friday, the 22d inst. The Observer says—

"It is understood that Gov EVERETT will be present to review the Regiment; and that he will be escorted by a Company of Lancers, cavalry, a beautiful corps lately organized in Boston. This will add much interest to the occasion, and will undoubtedly bring spectators from around us in hosts."

The London Court Journal, in giving an account of the Queen's procession to Parliament, sets down among her attendants, "fifty of her Majesty's Beef-eaters." We supposed that all her Majesty's subjects were "Beef-eaters," but from the above are led to believe that only a portion of them are assigned to that duty.

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The National Intelligencer contains a long and full report of a trial in Washington, the result of which is interesting. The defendant was indicted for harboring a nuisance—to wit, a dog that barked furiously all night long, to the sore disturbance of the neighbors, from whose eyes sleep was thereby driven. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the court imposed a fine of \$20.

A negro woman, the slave of Dr Clemons of Franklin County, Virginia, has been tried and convicted for the murder of her master's children—she is to be hung on the 27th of Oct. next.

Noah praises the steamer Massachusetts and her commander, in high terms—this boat arrived at New York on Wednesday with 380 passengers—the largest fare this season. The Star says—"the present increase of travel may be considered the harbinger of better times."

Good.—The Vicksburg, Miss. Sentinel gives assurance that confidence and brighter prospects in business, are returning in that state. Madams Pressure and Panic (whig goddesses) have had their day, we think, and are quitting the country.

A man in Baltimore went into a merchant's store and struck him with a horse whip, whereupon the merchant wrested the whip from his assailant's grasp, and flogged him tremendously.

The "Six Degrees of Crime," at the National this evening, Mr Smith's Julio Dormilly "needs no bush."

Signor Giamboni's Concert, at Papanti's Hall, on Saturday, evening gave universal satisfaction.

SIX DAYS LATER. FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrival of the packet ship Garrick, at N. York, on Friday, the editor of the Commercial Advertiser has received London papers to the 15th and Liverpool to the 16th ult.

The London Courier says, the stock of bullion in the Bank of England has increased to 61-2 millions sterling, and adds—"The depressed state of the American trade, and the consequent difficulty of employing money with advantage, has necessarily led to a great fall in the rate of interest, and, at present, good bills may be readily negotiated at 3 1/2 per cent. There is, in consequence, little or no demand upon the Bank for discounts, the rate charged by her for money being decidedly above what it may be procured for from the money dealers. As might be expected in such a state of things, speculation is again setting to work, and the fall in the prices of most articles is not merely checked, but silk, wool, and various other import products have already begun to advance."

Capt Palmer reports that the new Havre packet ship Ville de Lyon, put into Portsmouth on the 14th August, leaky and in distress, having been struck by lightning, by which accident five of her crew were killed. Since arrived at New York.

The South America sailed in company with the Garrick.

The Times, of August 15th contains the names of all the members returned for the new Parliament from England and Scotland, by which it appears that the strength of the conservatives is 285, including 20 from Scotland, and that of the whigs 268, including 33 from Scotland. Conservative majority 17.

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CONGRESS.

Thursday, September 14.—Mr Buchanan presented two memorials from the city and county of Philadelphia, against the annexation of Texas to the Union. Laid on the table.

Mr Webster said he had in his possession some memorials of a similar character, which he had withheld from presentation, until a proper time should arrive.

Mr Wright from the committee on finance, reported three bills, one provided that merchandise on which the duties have not been paid, may be warehoused for a period not longer than three years. A second, imposing on certain officers, additional duties as depositors of the public funds. A third, to revoke the charters of such banks as the District of Columbia as refuse to resume specie payments.

These bills having been read by their titles and ordered to a second reading, the bill providing to postpone the October instalment of the surplus revenue was taken up.

After some discussion upon a proposition to adjourn until Monday, for the purpose of considering this bill, the motion was finally withdrawn, and Mr Webster continued speaking in opposition to the bill, and had not concluded when the mail left.

At the House.—The morning hour was devoted to the reception of petitions and memorials, which were laid on the table—excepting several in reference to the currency, which were committed to the Committee of Ways and Means; and one from certain citizens of the third congressional district of Pennsylvania, praying an investigation of the circumstances connected with the election of the sitting member from that district, which was referred to the Committee on Elections.

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